Constructor University

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Calculus and Linear Algebra for Graduate Students MDE-MET-01

Assignment Sheet 5. Released: November 14 2024 Due: November 24 2024

1. [5 + 5 points]

- (a) If a 4×4 matrix has det $(A) = \frac{1}{2}$, find det(2A) and det(-A).
- (b) If a 3×3 matrix has det(A) = -1, find det $(\frac{1}{2}A)$ and det(-A).
- 2. [5 + 5 points] For any positive integer n, let J_n be the $n \times n$ matrix with ones on the complementary diagonal and zeros everywhere else, i.e.,

$$J_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad J_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Which row exchanges show that det $J_3 = -1$ and det $J_4 = 1$?
- (b) For n = 5, 6, 7, count the row exchanges to permute J_n to the identity matrix I_n . Generalize your approach for every size n. Compute det J_{101} .
- 3. [5 + 5 + 5 points] Compute

(a) det
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
, (b) det $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 6 & 6 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$, (c) det $\begin{bmatrix} 101 & 201 & 301 \\ 102 & 202 & 302 \\ 103 & 203 & 303 \end{bmatrix}$.

4. [5 + 5 points] The $n \times n$ determinant C_n has ones above and below the main diagonal, i.e.

$$C_1 = |0|, \qquad C_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}, \qquad C_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}, \qquad C_4 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

- (a) Compute the determinants C_1 , C_2 , C_3 and C_4 .
- (b) By using cofactor expansion, find the relation between C_n and C_{n-1} and C_{n-2} , find C_{10} .
- 5. [5 points] Consider a system

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 6y + 2z = 0\\ x + 4y + 2z = 0\\ 5x + 9y = 1. \end{cases}$$

Use Cramer's rule to solve it for y only.