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CTMS-MAT-13: Numerical Methods

Assignment Sheet 4. Released: April 4 2025 Due: April 20 2025

Exercise 1 [8 Points]:

Consider the function $f(x) = e^{x+2}$ and the set of equally spaced nodes 0, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1. The Newton form of a polynomial interpolant is given by

$$p_n\left(x\right) = \sum_{i=0}^n a_i n_i\left(x\right)$$

where the first polynomial is given by $n_0(x) = 1$ and

$$n_i(x) = (x - x_0)(x - x_1)\dots(x - x_{i-1})$$
 for $i > 0$.

Derive the polynomial $p_n(x)$ in Newton form that interpolates f(x) at the five given nodes.

Exercise 2 [2+4+2 Points]:

Consider the B-splines over the nodes $u_i \in \{0, 1, 2\}$, where i = 0, 1, 2.

- (a) Sketch the B-splines $N_1^0(u)$ and $N_1^1(u)$.
- (b) Use the recursive formulation of splines

 $N_i^0(u) = 1$ if $u \in [u_i, u_{i+1})$ and 0 else,

and

$$N_i^n(u) = \alpha_i^{n-1}(u)N_i^{n-1}(u) + \left(1 - \alpha_{i+1}^{n-1}(u)\right)N_{i+1}^{n-1}(u) \quad \text{with} \quad \alpha_i^{n-1}(u) = \frac{u - u_i}{u_{i+n} - u_i}$$

to compute the necessary splines for a linear spline interpolant with n = 1.

Compute the collocation matrix and solve the system of linear equations $s(u_i) = \sum_i c_i N_i^1(u_i)$ for the values $p_i \in \{4, -3, 1\}$. Where necessary, use for the external nodes $u_{-1} = -1$ and $u_3 = 3$ to construct the splines.

(c) Interpolate at s(1.5).

Exercise 3 [4+5 Points]:

(a) At t = (1, 2, 3) values are measured as p = (2, 4, 4.5). Using Aitken's method, verify that when t = 1.5, the interpolated value is approximately p = 3.875

 $p_{0,0} = 2$ $p_{0,1} = -3$ $p_{1,0} = 4$ $p_{1,1} = -4.75$ $p_{2,0} = 4.5$

(b) For data measured at t = (1, 2, 3, 5), whose values are measured as p = (2, 4, 4.5, 5), use Aitken's method to find the approximate value at t = 1.5.

Exercise 4 [3+3+4 Points]:

Consider the measurement values $p_0 = 5, p_1 = 4$, and $p_2 = 6$ that have been obtained at the nodes $u_0 = 0$, $u_1 = \frac{\pi}{4}$, and $u_2 = \frac{\pi}{2}$. Let the function $p(u) = \alpha \cos(u) + \beta u$ approximate the data in the least squares sense.

(a) Show that the normal equations are given by

$$\alpha \sum_{i=0}^{2} \cos^{2}(u_{i}) + \beta \sum_{i=0}^{2} u_{i} \cos(u_{i}) = \sum_{i=0}^{2} p_{i} \cos(u_{i})$$
$$\alpha \sum_{i=0}^{2} u_{i} \cos(u_{i}) + \beta \sum_{i=0}^{2} u_{i}^{2} = \sum_{i=0}^{2} p_{i} u_{i}.$$

- (**b**) Solve the normal equations for α and β .
- (c) Compute the error in the L_2 sense that is minimized in (b). What is the solution and what is the error if the last measurement value is now $p_2 = 5$?